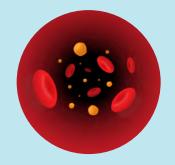
## **BLOOD ALCOHOL CONCENTRATION (BAC)** What is it?

The percentage of alcohol in the bloodstream and used to measure intoxication





Having a BAC of 0.08% or higher will get you in trouble for impaired driving

Effects vary by



Time

between

drinks

Gender



Amount of food

you've eaten















Number

of drinks



That's between 2-4 standard drinks\*



12 oz beer (can of 4-6% beer) 1.5 oz shot of liquor (single shot)

5 oz glass of wine (1/5 of a regular 750 ml wine bottle)

\*This is an average defined by NIAAA but can also vary widely.

## **BAC** Spectrum

.01 – .03			.0406			.07 – .09			.10 – .12			.13+		
Slight mood elevation. Decline in ability to multitask or track with a moving object.			Reduced coordination and ability to respond to emergency driving situations.			Obvious impairment of concentration, vision, and control. Reduced ability to process information like traffic signals or other vehicles.			Serious impairment of coordination, reaction time, and control. Reduced ability to stay in a lane or brake appropriately.			Severe intoxication and impairment of vehicle control, attention to driving, and processing information on the road.		
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.01	.02	.03	.04	.05	.06	.07	.08	.09	.10	.11	.12	.13	.14	.15

## **BAC** What to do?



No more than 1 standard drink per hour, with food, water, and non-alcoholic choices in between.



Designate the sober driver before heading out. Take turns different weeks.



Ask a server or manager about leaving your car where it is.



Hand your keys over to someone sober.





## HAVE A PLAN

Download the Have a Plan app for tools and information about getting a safe ride home

Funded by the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration with a grant from the New York State Governor's Traffic Safety Committee



